

Decision Support System for Selection of The Best Doctor at Ahmad Brahim Hospital Using the Simple Additive Weighting (SAW) Method

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Abstract – The selection of the best doctors at the Ahmad Brahim hospital was not only done once, but the selection of the best health workers at the Ahmad Brahim hospital was also carried out, but the selection of the best health workers was still done manually by the health department. Therefore, to help speed up the research process, a website-based decision support system was created to select the best doctors to provide rewards with several methods that can be used. One of the methods used in making decisions is simple additive weighting (SAW) which is done by weighting each of the criteria used. Decision support website created using the PHP and MYSQL programming languages for data storage. This study has criterion 3, namely absence, attitude and diligence then have 7 alternatives, the 7 alternatives have 4 ratings 1 where the average assessment is the same as the absence score 0.45, the attitude value is 0.35 and the diligence value is 0.12 with a total value of 1 so those who get the first rank score are dr. Audi Pirade, dr. Kesatria Putra Abadi, dr. Nurfitri Rahmani Awaliyah and dr. Riska Ruswanti. Then the second rank is dr. Christi Angelia Arung Labi with an absence score of 0.45, an attitude value of 0.35 and a diligence value of 0.12 with a total of 0.92

Keywords: SAW method, Best Doctor, Decision Support System

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1. Introduction

Based on statistical data, the Ahmad Brahim regional general hospital, Tana Tidung district, was founded in 2018 and is a regional hospital owned by the Tana Tidung district government. Ahmad Brahim District Hospital is led by a director, Dr. Budi Samroni is responsible to the regent of Tana Tidung Regency, in the Tana Tidung Regency area there is only one hospital until the current year, namely 2023.

Employees are one of the main supporters in serving the community. Being required to provide fast service in the service process must be known about ethics. Ethics is behavior that a person deserves to accept, be polite and respectful to each other.

According to Alimsyah (2019) a hospital is an organizational tool consisting of organized professional medical personnel and permanent medical facilities providing medical services, continuous nursing care, diagnosis and treatment of diseases suffered by patients.

According to Ardi, A (2020) Performance evaluation is a process of assessing employee performance which is carried out to see whether their work responsibilities are increasing or decreasing every day so that leaders can provide a supportive motivation to see the performance of the apparatus in the future. According to Beti. I, Y (2019) Efforts to improve hospital services, by developing the performance of doctors at Ahmad Brahim Hospital. Doctors are very influential in providing good service to their patients. Doctors are human resources that are used as a driving force in a house. Doctors' performance is needed to increase the productivity of a hospital. To meet this quality, hospitals require an assessment of their doctors that have been determined based on the criteria that the hospital has. Therefore, the author wants to help create the best decision support system for doctors at Ahmad Brahim Hospital using the simple additive weighting (SAW) method.

2. Research Methods

In this study, a simple additive weighting method was used to make it easier to select the best doctor according to the patient's needs. This method is the method that is best known and most widely used by people in dealing with Multi Attribute Decision Making (MADM) situations. This method requires the decision maker to determine the weight of each attribute. The rating for each





attribute must be dimension-free in the sense that it has gone through a previous normalization process. The stages for completing the SAW method are as shown in Figure 1

Figure 1. Flowchart of SAW Methods

The stages of completing the simple additive weight (SAW) method are:

- 1. Determine what criteria will be used as a reference in decision making.
- 2. Determine the suitability rating of each alternative for each criterion.
- 3. Create a decision matrix based on criteria, then normalize the matrix based on equations adjusted to the type of attribute (profit or cost attributes) to obtain a normalized matrix R.
- 4. The final result obtained from each ranking process is the sum of the multiplication of the normalized matrix R with the valto weights to obtain the largest value which is selected as the best alternative.
- 5. The final normalization results are then sorted from maximum value to minimum value

3. System Planning

Based on the Use Case diagram above, the director can only access a home page, alternative data, ranking data, reports and can print reports. Meanwhile the admin can manage all pages on the system starting from the home page, criteria data, alternative data, ranking data and reports.



Figure 2. Use Case Diagram Admin

Entity relationship diagram (ERD) Database

Entity relationship diagram (ERD) describes the relationships between entities in the system to be built, which at the next stage can be implemented in the form of a relationship table. Relationships between relationships include one to one, one to many, one to many and many to many. The entity relationship diagram (ERD) decision support system for selecting the best doctor can be seen in Figure 3.2

4. Results Of Data Collection

This research was conducted at the Ahmad Brahim regional general hospital which is located in North Kalimantan, Tana Tidung Regency. From 2018 to 2023, the hospital only had one building in Tana Tidung Regency and did not have many health workers. This research was carried out in Do this to find out the best doctor at Ahmad Brahim Hospital and then you can also give a reward or reward. The data taken from the hospital is the criteria and weight data given directly from Ahmad Brahim Hospital, the weight of 40% absence is attendance which is calculated as being on time at 7:30 and leaving at 16:30 so it can be categorized as 40% presence. It can be seen in Table



Code	Criteria	Weight	Information
C1	Roll call	40%	cost
C2	Diligence	35%	benefit
C3	Seminar	25%	benefit

Table 1 Criteria & weight

Each of the criteria above has a very important role, so that these criteria become central in the decision-making process, also providing a code for each criterion to make it easier. The input requirements consist of determining several criteria for the best candidate for a doctor, which is the first step in the SAW method. The attendance data used is data for 1 month. After determining the criteria and weights, the next step is to provide a rating or alternative suitability value for the criteria as follows.

1. Determination of absentee ratings and preferences

Table 2. Attendance and preference values

Absence	Information	Value	Code
9-0 days	Very good	5	C1
19-10 days	Good	3	C2
30-20 days	Not good	1	C3

2. Determining attitude ratings and preference values

Table 3. Attitudes and preference values

Attitudes	Value
Verry good	5
Googd	3
Not good	1

3.Determination of diligence ratings and preference values

Table 4. Diligence and preference values

Diligence	Value
Verry good	5
Good	3
Not good	1

After matching the values for each alternative, the next stage the system will carry out calculations using the SAW method

A. Absence Criteria

Absence criteria for hospital doctors are the main requirements that are needed for decision making based on discipline and attending activities in community service since being appointed as a permanent doctor which can be seen in Table 5

Table 5. Absence Data

No	Alternative	30 working dasys	Presence	Not presence	Code
1	dr. Audi Pirade	30	8	22	A1
2	dr. Christi Angelia Arung labi	30	7	23	A2
3	dr. Ksatria Putra Abadi Kabakoran	30	10	20	A3
4	dr. Muhammad Mahmud Ansora	30	13	17	A4
5	dr. Nurfitri Rahmani Awaliyah	30	10	20	A5
6	dr. Riska Ruswanti	30	12	18	A6
7	dr. yehuda agus santoso	30	10	20	A7

B. Attitude Criteria

The doctor's attitude criteria is the third requirement needed for decision making based on attitude towards patients since being appointed as a permanent doctor which can be seen in Table.6

Table	6.	Attitude	Data
1 uoie	ο.	1 muuuu	Duiu

		Attitude		
No	Alternative	Very good	Good	Not good
1	dr. Audi Pirade	14	7	0
2	dr. Christi Angelia Arung Labi	11	10	0
3	dr. Ksatria Putra Abadi Kabakoran	15	6	0
4	dr. Muhammad Mahmud Ansora	12	8	1
5	dr. Nurfitri Rahmani Awaliyah	13	8	0
6	dr. Riska Ruswanti	13	8	0
7	dr. Yehuda Agus Santoso	13	8	0

C. Diligence Criteria

The criteria for doctor's diligence are the next requirements that are really needed for decision making because the quality of hospital services is measured based on the doctor's diligence in providing services to patients which can be seen in Table 7

Table	7.	Dil	igence
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.		Diligence			
No	Alternative	Very good	Good	Not good	
1	dr. Audi Pirade	13	8	0	
2	dr. Christi Angelia Arung labi	11	9	1	
3	dr. Ksatria Putra Abadi Kabakoran	15	6	0	
4	dr. Muhammad Mahmud Ansora	11	9	1	



5	dr. Nurfitri Rahmani Awaliyah	13	8	0
6	dr. Riska Ruswanti	14	7	0
7	dr. Yehuda Agus Santoso	14	7	0

D. Form a matrix from the alternative table to the criteria table

After collecting data to determine the best doctor, value data for each criterion was obtained in Table 8

Table 8. values for each criterion		
Decision Support System for Selecting the Best		
Doctor Using the SAW Method		

Doctor Using the SAW Method					
	Absenc	Attitud	D.11		
Alternative	e	e	Diligence		
	Cost	Benefit	Benefit		
dr. Audi Pirade	1	5	5		
dr. Christi					
Angelia Arung					
Labi	1	5	3		
dr. Ksatria Putra					
Abadi					
Kabakoran	1	5	5		
dr. Muhammad					
Mahmud					
Ansora	3	5	3		
dr. Nurfitri					
Rahmani					
Awaliyah	1	5	5		
dr. Riska					
Ruswanti	1	5	5		
dr. Yehuda					
Agus Santoso	3	5	5		

The alternative values that have been entered will be calculated using Simple Additive Weighting and using the normalized decision matrix formula. In determining the suitability rating, the value of each criterion is entered into the suitability rating table which has been adjusted to the value from the criteria table.

5. Criteria based decision matrix

	r1	5	ך5
	1	5	3
	1	5	5
X =	3	5	3
	1	5	5
	1	5	5
	L3	5	51

The normalization results of the criteria data decision matrix are:

A. absen (Cost)

$$r11 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$r21 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$
$r31 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$
$r41 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}} = \frac{1}{1} = 0.33$
$r51 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}} = \frac{3}{1} = 1$
$r61 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$
$r71 = \frac{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}}{\min\{1;1;1;3;1;1;3\}} = \frac{1}{1} = 0.33$
B. sikap (Benefit)
$r12 = \frac{5}{max(5,5,5,5,5,5,5)} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r22 = \frac{5}{\max\{5:5:5:5:5:5:5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r23 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r24 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r25 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r26 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r27 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
C. kerajinan (Benefit)
$r13 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;3;5;3;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r23 = \frac{3}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{3}{5} = 0,6$
$r33 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r43 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 0,6$
$r53 = \frac{5}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$
$r63 = \frac{1}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{1}{5} = 1$
$r/3 = \frac{1}{\max\{5;5;5;5;5;5;5\}} = \frac{1}{5} = 1$

So the normalized table can be seen in Table 9 1. Normalization

Table 9 Normalization

Normalization						
	C1	C2	C3			
Alternative data	40%	35%	25%			
A1	1	1	1			
A2	1	1	0,6			
A3	1	1	1			
A4	0,3	1	0,6			
A5	1	1	1			
A6	1	1	1			
A7	0,3	1	1			

2. Ranking

This stage is the final process to look for the best alternative before making a decision. Data that has been normalized in the previous stage, then multiply the normalized attribute results by the predetermined weight.

Ranking Calculation.

A1 = (1x40%) + (1x35%) + (1x25%) = 1

$$A2 = (1X40\%) + (1X35\%) + (0,6X25\%) = 0,92$$

$$A3 = (1x40\%) + (1x35\%) + (1x25\%) = 1$$

A4 = (0,3x40%) + (1x35%) + (0,6x25%) = 0,62

A5 = (1x40%) + (1x35%) + (1x25%) = 1

A6 = (1x40%) + (1x35%) + (1x25%) = 1

A7 = (0,3x40%) + (1x35%) + (1x25%) = 0,7

Table 10 Rankings

Calculating preference values							
Alternativ e	C1	C2	C3	Resul t	Rank		
A1	0,4	0,3 5	0,2 5	1	1		
A2	0,4	0,3 5	0,1 2	0,92	5		
A3	0,4	0,3 5	0,2 5	1	1		
A4	0,1 3	0,3 5	0,1 2	0,62	7		
A5	0,4	0,3 5	0,2 5	1	1		
A6	0,4	0,3 5	0,2 5	1	1		
A7	0,1 3	0,3 5	0,2 5	0,73	6		

Class Diagrams

Class diagrams consist of three classes, namely criteria, alternatives and ranking, their function is to combine one table to another.



Figure 3. Class Diagram

6. System Implementation

The following is the implementation of the system for calculating the SAW method from the decision support system for selecting the best doctor that has been developed:

1. Login Page

The Login page displays the username and password which are only used by the admin.

LOGIN	
username	
password	
login	
Belum punya akun? Daftar disini!	

Figure 4. Login page

2. Main/Home page

The Main/Home page displays decision support system information which has five menus including the Home menu, Users, Criteria, Alternatives, Ranking Report and Logout.

SPK DOKTER 🐐 Home 🌲 pengguna 🖀 kriteria 🏥 alternatif 👁 perangkingan 🔒 Report O

SELAMAT DATANG DI SISTEM PENDUKUNG KEPUTUSAN PEMILIHAN DOKTER TERBAIK DI RUMAH SAKIT UMUM DAERAH AHMAD BRAHIM



Figure 5. Main/home page

3. User Page

Displays user data containing username, password and level. In this user menu you can also delete, update and add users.



3 N 🛱 🧚 🥥 🚺 🖬 🛤 🔞 🔍	○ ※ ■ ♂ 8 ♥ 〒 @ ♂ № 0 → € 20	09:31 /06/2023
Figure 6. User page		



4. Alternative Pages

This alternative page displays criteria data containing NIP, Doctor's Name, Position. In this criteria menu you can also delete, update and add.

lata kriteria			
Tambah			
Show 10 👻 entries		Sear	ch:
Nip	Nama Dokter	Jabatan	update/hapus
199104262020121012	MUHAMMAD MAHMUD ANSORI	dokter ahli pertama	R, X
199112142020122022	CHRISTI ANGELIA ARUNG LABI	dokter ahli pertama	e, ×
199301192019031001	AUDI PIRADE	dokter ahli perta	R, X
199303282022203200	NURFITRI RAHMANI AWALIYAH	dokter ahli pertama	B , X
199408022022031007	YEHUDA AGUS SANTOSO	dokter ahli pertama	B, X
199408142022031006	KSATRIA PUTRA ABADI KAEAKORAN	dokter ahli pertama	B, X
199501062022032008	RISKA RUSWANTI	dokter ahli pertama	B, X

Figure 7. Alternative pages

5. Criteria Page

This page displays criteria data containing date, year, ID, name, and criteria for absence, attitude, diligence. In this criteria menu you can also delete, update and add.

Tambi	sh .							
Show 10 v entries Search:								
No	Tanggal	Tahun	nip	nama	absen	sikap	kerajinan	
1	2023-06-18	2023	199408142022031005	KSATRIA PUTRA ABADI KABAKORAN	1	5	5	2/ 2
2	2023-06-18	2023	199112142020122022	CHRISTI ANGELIA ARUNG LABI	1	5	3	2
3	2023-05-18	2023	199301192019031001	AUDI PIRADE	1	5	5	2 8

Figure 8. Criteria page

6. Ranking Page

This page displays the ranking where in this ranking only enter the year then the results of the SAW calculation appear. Because this data is combined with alternative data, the SAW calculation is automatic in the ranking menu.

	ungan					
tahun						
pilih tah	un					
Proses						
Show 1	0 v entries				Search:	
No	NIP	Nama Dokter	n_Absen	n_Sikap	n_Kerajinan	Preferensi
1	199301192019031001	AUDE FERADE	1.00	1.00	1.00	100.00
2	199408142022031006	KSATRIA PUTRA ABADI KABAKORAN	1.00	1.00	1.00	100.00
	199112142020122022	CHRISTLANGELIA ARUNG LABI	1.00	1.00	0.60	92.00
3						

Figure 9. Rangking page

7. Report page

This page displays a ranking report that can be printed by entering the annual report.

enterning the unital report.
SPK DOKTER 🐐 Home 🛓 pengguna 😫 kriteria 🛱 alternatif 🐵 perangkingan 🖶 Report O Logout
laporan perengkingan
lahun niihitakun
ren te sua
Figure 10. Report page
8. Log out
When you click the logout menu, you will exit and
return to login
SPK DOKTER 🖷 Home 🏦 pengguna 😫 interia 🗂 alternatif 🐵 perangkingan 🖨 Neport 🗢 Logout
SELAMAT DATANG DI
SISTEM PENDUKUNG KEPUTUSAN PEMILIHAN DOKTER TERBAIK
DI RUMAH SAKIT UMUM DAERAH AHMAD BRAHIM
Inclusive displayed logic

Figure 11. Main/home page

7. Discussion

From the calculation results of the simple additive weighting method in determining the best doctors at the Ahmad Brahim regional general hospital, it was found that (Dr. Audi Pirade, Dr. Knight Putra Abadi Kabakoran, Dr. Nurfitri Rahmani Awaliyah and Dr. Riska Russwanti) were the first best doctors in because the criteria values for the 4 doctors are the same, those who get absenteeism 0.45, attitude 0.35 and diligence 0.2, therefore there are 4 doctors in first place. The second rank is (Dr. Christi Angelia Arung Labi) who has an absence score of 0.45, an attitude score of 0.35 and a diligence score of 0.12, therefore the doctor, Dr. Christi Angelia Arung Labi got second place.

In this assessment, it can be seen that the C1 (absence) criteria is neglected by many doctors, therefore this research is looking for the criteria for absences that are the least neglected. Because it is looking for a little alpha, it is said to be cost. Then in criterion C2 (Attitude) the attitude values of alternatives A1 to A7 are the same because the attitude value has an average of 5. In criterion C3 (diligence) the values obtained from alternatives A1 to A7 are almost the same on average, only 2 alternatives are different.

The criteria in this calculation greatly influence the calculation of the SAW method because it only uses 3 criteria which produces the same number of values for each alternative.

8. Results

Testing is carried out in 2 ways, namely inappropriate testing and appropriate testing in the Doctor Selection Decision Support system. Testing is usually carried out twice, which is attempted by the admin from the health service and the director of the Ahmad Brahim Hospital section who works in the Tutorial field using Black Box in the table below.

Tabel 11. Inappropriate tests on directors

No	Test	Test Detail	Test Result	Conclusion
1	Testing the Director Login	Filling in the username and password randomly	The system refuses login access Login failed	As expected (valid)
2	Testing the ranking menu	Processing rankings that do not yet have data in the system	Data not found	As expected (valid)
3	Testing the search on all menus	Looking for a name that is not in the database	Not found	As expected (valid)

Tabel 12. appropriate tests on directors

No	Test	Test Detail	Test Result	Conclusion
1	Testing	Fill in the	Login	As
	on	registered	successfu	expected
	Director	username and	lly	(valid)
	Login	password.		
2	Add data	Displays the	Successf	As
	to the	add data	ully	expected
	alternativ	display	added	(valid)
	e and		alternativ	
	criteria		e data and	
	menu		criteria	
3	Test the	Search for a	The	As
	search on	name that	search	expected
	all menus	already exists	results	(valid)
		in the	display	
		database	appears	
4	Testing	Deleting and	The	As
	delate	adding data	delete	expected
	and		display	(valid)
	update		appears	
			and can	
			update	
			the data	

Table 13. Inappropriate tests in admin

No	Test	Test Detail	Test Result	Conclusion
1	Testing on admin Login	Fill in the username and password randomly	The system denies login access. Login failed	As expected (valid)
2	Testing the ranking menu	Processing rankings that do not yet have data in the system.	Data not found	As expected (valid)
3	Test the search on all menus	Search for names that do not exist in the database	Not found	As expected (valid)

Table 14 app	propriate tests	on	admin
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No	Test	Test Detail	Test Result	Conclusion
1	Testing on admin Login	Fill in the username and password that have been registered	Login successful	As expected (valid)
2	Add data to the alternativ e and criteria menu	Displays the add data display	Successfull y added alternative data and criteria	As expected (valid)
3	Test the search on all menus	Search for a name that already exists in the database	The search results display appears	As expected (valid)
4	Testing delate and update	Deleting and adding data	The delete display appears and can update the data	As expected (valid)

9. Conclusion

Based on this research that has been carried out, it can be concluded that the best doctor at the Ahmad Brahim Hospital, determines the best doctor using a decision support system using the simple additive wighting method to make it easier to select the best doctor with 3 appropriate criteria, namely attendance criteria, attitude and diligence also used 7 alternatives in this research. Then in the research above there were 4 who got first place. Using the best doctor's decision support system can also be used to select other hospital employees with appropriate criteria.

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